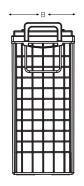
# **EQ-L16** Carbon Nano Gel Bloc





#### **Electrical Specifications**

Voltage	6V
M.R.C. 25 Amps	750
80% DOD Voltage Cutoff	5.6V
Low Voltage Cutoff	5.4V
SelfDischarge	Less than 3% per month (20°C/68°F)
Charge Temperature	Min: -10°C (14°F) / Max: 50°C (122°F)
Discharge Temperature**	Min: -40°C (-40°F) / Max: 50°C (122°F)
Storage	Min: -20°C (-4°F) / Max: 60°C (140°F)

Cell Type Ue	C5	C10	C20	C100
(100%) / VPC	1.70	1.75	1.75	1.80
Ref Temp	25°C	25°C	25°C	25°C
EQ-L16	290	311	331	361

\*\* CAUTION: Depths of discharge, operating voltages and currents, when designing systems for use at maximum temperatures, will vary.

# **Mechanical Specifications**

Industry Reference		L16
Length (A)	11.9 in	302 mm
Width (B)	7.0 in	178 mm
Height (C)	15.9 in	405 mm
Weight	118 lbs	53.4 kgs
Terminal (Opt'l)		M10
Cell(s)		3
Electrolyte		Gel
Terminal Torque Nm		16

NOTE: There is a tolerance of +/-2%.

Terminal Options Available: M10 A-Pole Dual Stud

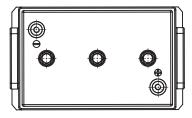
ET/DATAQUASAR GEL EQ L16 V4 0224





Left - Negative

Right - Positive



#### Features

Maintenance free - no topping up required

Ultra energy efficient due to low resistance

Reduced operating temperatures for increased cycle life (up to 1000 cycles) and battery lifetime

Cost savings due to increased efficiency

Up to 2 x faster recharge

Increased design life from 12 to 15 years

Allows for opportunity charging to give you those extra running times when required

Suitable for extreme temperature variants

## Applications: all motive, leisure & solar:

Electric vehicles, including cleaning machines

Wheelchairs

**Electric Working Platforms** 

UPS Systems

Traffic Systems

Telecommunications & Emergency Lighting

Caravans / Motorhomes RV's & Maritime

Solar & Renewable Energy & Home Invertor

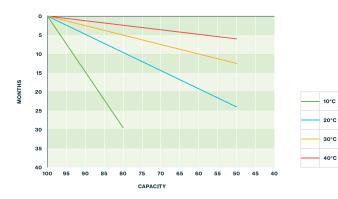
Compliant with EN60254-1&2 and IEC254-1/2



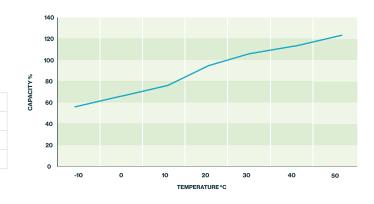
# **Charging profile**

IU Charging	$I = min. 12\% C_5 max. 30\% C_5$ U = 2.4 V per cell

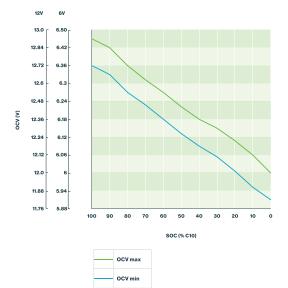
# Self discharge at different temperatures



#### Capacity vs. temperature



Storage: Determine the state of charge



# Relation between charging, voltage and temperature

